

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE
Barometer 29.93

October 1, 1913, Temperature a.m. 78, p.m. 77; Humidity...92, 88.

(ESTABLISHED 1831.)
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October 1, 1912, Temperature a.m. 76, p.m. 84; Humidity...54, 52.

9,211 晚三初月九年丑癸

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1913.

四拜禮 號二月十英港香

\$36 PER ANNUM
SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

TELEGRAMS.

AMERICAN TARIFF.

THE BILL RATIFIED.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 1.
Reuter's correspondent at Washington states that the House of Representatives has ratified the Tariff Bill, 254 members voting in its favour.
Mr. Underwood in a speech averaged the ad valorem duties imposed by the Bill at twenty six per cent. as compared with forty per cent. under the present and the Payne law, and thirty nine per cent. under the Wilson law passed by the last Democratic Congress. Twenty years ago Payne declared that American commerce and industry had developed greatly under the Republican tariff, but would suffer a dire straits set back under Democratic law.

"TIMES" ON AFRICA.

PASSIVE RESISTANCE INJURIOUS.

London, Received Oct. 1.
The Times, in a leading article on the passive resistance in South Africa (in connection with Indian immigration) says that the denunciation of the Union Government is totally unjust, but further steps are obviously necessary to prevent the serious injuries which the prolongation of passive resistance would inflict on South Africa and the Empire. Would not the situation be more easily remedied, it asks, if the Government of India sent its own official representative to South Africa to discuss the problem at first hand?

AUSTRALIAN NAVAL BOARD.

FRICTION BETWEEN OFFICERS.

London, Received Oct. 2.
Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne states that Captain Hughes Onslow, second member of the Australian Naval Board, has been relieved of his duty pending an enquiry into the friction between himself and other officers.

"BOBS" APPEAL.

NATIONAL SERVICE MOVEMENT.

London, Received Oct. 1.
Lord Roberts, in a message to the nation, appeals for active support of the National Service movement.

CAMEL CORPS DISASTER.

ACTING COMMISSIONER ARCHER HONOURED.

London, Received Oct. 1.
Mr. Archer, the Acting-Commissioner, has been appointed a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

TELEGRAMS.

HOME RULE.

MR. BIRRELL AT PALMORAL.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 1.
Mr. Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has arrived at Balmoral.
"No Civil War."
London, Received Oct. 1.
Mr. Alex. Ure, M.P., speaking at Chiswick, said he had the highest authority for stating that there would not be a Civil War in Ulster. He ridiculed the Provisional Government, which, he said, was a "huge fraud" and a "hoax" and "a complete stoppage of business, and financial panic, followed by rioting on the part of starving and turbulent people. No conference was possible except on the basis of Home Rule."

Ulster's Terms.
The Unionist party give prominence to telegrams from Belfast to the effect that if Ulster is excluded from Home Rule the physical force resistance movement will cease. They state that the Unionist leaders made suggestions on this basis to the Government with a view to compromise.

"Arran Cabinet."
The Times confirms the belief that the Land Campaign was the chief theme of the Ministerial conversations at Arran, and adds that no communications of any kind passed between the Government and the Opposition leaders on the subject of Home Rule. The Government's attitude is entirely expectant.

SUFFRAGIST RAID.

SEVERAL LEADERS ARRESTED.

London, Received Oct. 2.
Whilst the Suffragists were planning an Autumn campaign at Kingsway, the police raided the meeting, arresting several of the leaders after a fierce struggle.

BRITAIN'S REVENUE.

TWO AND HALF MILLIONS INCREASE.

London, Received Oct. 1.
Great Britain's revenue for the past quarter amounted to £36,797,700, an increase of £2,634,099.

THE 8TH RAJPUTS.

Local Regiment Approaching Centenary.

The 8th Rajputs, now stationed at Hongkong, will shortly celebrate its centenary. The regiment was formed in 1814 as the 59th Native Infantry of the old Bengal Army. The 59th was engaged in the last campaign against the Sikhs, and was notably distinguished at the battle of Sobroon, which is the first battle honours borne on its colours, although it had engaged in some affairs previously. The 29th escaped the contagion of the Indian Mutiny, and after the old Bengal Army had disappeared in the vortex of the 1857-58 outbreak, it became the 8th Central Infantry, and at the present time. The second campaign of importance in which it took part was the Afghan War of 1878-80, including the operations of the latter years against the Mohmands who had been very troublesome during the Afghan War, and who received a much merited chastisement. Up to the present the battle honours on the regimental colours of the 8th Rajputs are "Sobroon" and "Afghanistan, 1879-80." The regiment is exclusively recruited from the Rajputs of Oudh and Delhi. London and China Express.

TELEGRAMS.

MANOEL'S CONSORT.

GOES INTO HOSPITAL.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 1.
Reuter's correspondent at Munich states that a bulletin issued says: "The Queen of Portugal was taken ill on September 18 with fever, which was attended with gastric symptoms. The night renal cavity was affected asymmetrically. Acting on medical advice, her Majesty entered hospital on September 22. There is a reasonable prospect of recovery in a definite time. The King has taken up his residence at the Hospital."

KAID MACLEAN.

MARRIED GENERAL'S DAUGHTER.

London, Received Oct. 1.
Kaid Maclean was married at Paddington yesterday to the daughter of the late General Sir Henry Prendergast.

RAUB AUSTRALIAN G. M. CO., LTD.

Report for Four Weeks Ending September 6th 1913.

The sheet of Mine measurements and assay result shows a total of 383 ft. made up as follows:—Sinking 20 ft. Drilling on lodes 89 ft., and crosscutting 254 ft., and compares with a total of 366 ft. for the previous four weeks.

Mines.
Bt. Koman, 840 ft. level. The Crosscut East has been advanced 17 ft. making a total of 160 ft. The Dive North on the 40 ft. lode has been extended 15 ft. making a total of 47 ft. on a lode 30 ins. wide—poor and of no value. The South end has been driven 9 ft., a total 25 ft. in a lode 52 ins. wide worth 4.9 dwts. 740 ft. level. Main Dive North, 6 ft. driven during the month make a total of 130 ft. The lode is 36 ins. wide, producing low grade ore. The drive south has been advanced 9 ft. making a total of 143 ft. on a lode 60 ins. wide assaying 3.37 dwts. 640 ft. level. Main Dive South has been extended 5 ft. making a total of 305 ft. The lode is 60 ins. wide worth 7.5 dwts. Preparations have been made to sink a winze, on the 158 ft. lode from this, to the 740 ft. level.

540 feet level. No. 2 winze south has been deepened 20 feet, making a total of 52 feet. The lode is without change since last reporting.

Stops.
Above the 640 feet level four stops are being worked. The lode averages 83 ins. wide and assays 5.39 dwts.

Above the 540 feet level there is one stop working on a lode 120 ins. wide, worth 4.9 dwts.

Above the 440 ft. level there are two stops averaging 4 dwts. over a width of 63 ins.

Crosscuts for stop filling amount to 140 ft.

Anderson.
360 ft. level. Main Dive North has been extended 20 ft. making a total of 210 ft. The lode averaged 60 ins. wide and assayed 3.55 dwts. The south end has been driven 11 ft., making altogether 179 ft. The lode is narrow and produced nothing of value.

180 ft. level north of stop above. The North Drive on both lodes are being continued. No. 1, advanced 9 ft., a total of 56 ft. on a lode 60 ins. wide worth 7.5 dwts. The No. 2 lode has been driven on 5 ft., and proves to be 68 ins. wide worth 5.72 dwts.

TELEGRAMS.

INVENTOR DISAPPEARS.

PROBABLY FELL OVER-BOARD.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 1.
Herr Rudolf Diesel, the inventor of the world-famed oil engine which bears his name, disappeared on the night of 28 between Antwerp and Harwich, whilst en route to attend the Diesel Company meeting in London. It is feared that he fell overboard.

"World-wide Loss."

London, Received Oct. 2.
At the meeting of the Diesel Company, in London, the Chairman dwelt on the world-wide loss of Mr. Diesel, who retired to his cabin and has not been seen since.

Eastern Lode. We have installed and hoisted the Buller, and have drained the shaft with a Pulomometer. Sinking is now proceeding at a fair rate, and we shall continue with all despatch to the 150 ft. level unless hindered by increases of water.

Stops. Above the 280 ft. level two stops are being worked, the lode averages 68 ins. wide and assays 3.81 dwts.

Above the 80 ft. level there is one stop, on a lode 123 ins. wide worth 3.95 dwts.

Crosscuts for the stop filling amount to 88 ft.

Preparations are being made to put in a pair of "catwalks" and shafts for the Pump Edd., and a crosscut has been driven 9 ft. to approach the East side of the shaft.

Surface Works.
During the month 5,782 tons of surface rock has been raised and treated, including 340 tons from the East lode outcrop which was crushed in the stamp mill.

Millage.
Four Willey Tables recovered 26.5 tons of concentrates which quantity was crushed in our Grit mills with 43.5 tons of old tailings, the whole giving a recovery of 4.53 dwts. per ton.

Millage Sheet for Four Weeks Ending September 6th 1913.

Bt. Koman, 40 stamps ran 24.2 days, lost time 3.8 days due to repairing Nos. 3 and 4 mortar boxes and guides, and No. 4 counter shaft pulley, repairs and cleaning up.

Stone crushed Bt. Koman 1,807 tons. Anderson 686.

Surface 340. —2,833.

Huntington Mill ran 25.20 days, lost time 2.71 days due to replacing die ring, general repairs and cleaning up. Stone crushed Bt. Koman 1,807 tons. Anderson 686.

Stamp Mill 1,487 507 502.187. Hunt Mill 532 277 275.270. Grit Mills 54 18 17.000.

2,073 802 794.437.

At Ma'ara. Two Huntington Mills ran 25.3 days. Lost time 2.7 days due to repairs to the mortar and pump, and general repairs and cleaning up.

Surface ore crushed (a) from Bt. Jellin 3,518 tons (b) Bt. Malacca 248 tons (c) Bt. Euloh 196 tons. A total of 3,962 tons producing 708 oz of a no'gam yielding 321.75 oz of bullion.

Average yield per ton Bt. Koman 3.88 dwts. K.T. 0.85 "

Average yield per ton Bt. M. Mills 1.62 "

Totals. Stone crushed... 8,055 tons. Amalgam gathered... 2,770 oz. Smelted Gold... 1,116 oz. Average fineness... 910.3. Yield per ton... 277 dwts.

TELEGRAMS.

HOME RACING.

JOCKEY CLUB STAKES.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 2.
The probable starters for the Jockey Club stakes are as follows:—
"Tracey 10 7 (Walley).
Aleppo 9-5 (Maher).
Birmingham 8-13 (Jones).
Harry of Hereford 7-13 (F. Rickaby).

CONSTANTINOPLE DELUGED.

THIRTY MEN DROWNED.

London, Received Oct. 2.
There have been disastrous floods in Constantinople, and houses, gardens and bridges have been destroyed. Thirty workmen at the power station were drowned.

CHINESE IN SARAWAK.

A Vernacular Newspaper.

Says the Sarawak Gazette:—
Quite recently a Chinese press for erecting a kind of printing in Chinese was registered here under the title of the Khee Ming Sia Press, with headquarters at present in Wayang Street, (Kuching). From official information received we are able to state that the business has so far prospered that it is now in a position to publish a weekly newspaper in Chinese, the promoters believing in the need and value of such a paper for the Chinese of Sarawak.

The following are, in general outline, the principles on which the paper will be conducted and which have been submitted to and have received the approval of His Highness the Raja.

SHEN WON, KIE MIN, SING GI PAO, Kuching, Sarawak.

Regulations.
(1) Name.—This paper to be published and printed at the office of the Khee Ming Press every Saturday, and called "Shen Won, Kie Min, Sing Gi Pao."

(2) Object.—The object of this paper is to circulate knowledge of the events of the time, which may broaden the outlook of the Chinese people living in Sarawak, and encourage them to give themselves the benefit of a kind of paternal Government such as they have the privilege of enjoying in Sarawak.

(3) The contents will be as follows:—
(a) Editorials—Chinese affairs, Religious matters, Plantations, Morals, Hygiene, and Reformation of customs.

(b) Poetry—Good advice, Dialogues.

(c) Translation.—The Chinese translation of all important news in the Sarawak Gazette and the Sarawak Government Gazette.

(d) Telegrams.—Cropping the telegrams from the Chinese and foreign nations.

(e) News.—Local news and the news from other nations and other countries.

(f) Novel or Story.—Chinese stories and foreign stories.

(g) Nothing diabolical or defamatory in character will be published.

(4) The names of the Directors are as follows:—
Rev. Robert J. Small, Lee Tung Sen, Kong Kui En, Lee Yun Tung, Law Hin Hon, Yong Ter Khin and Lee Hong Ping.

TELEGRAMS.

FLOODS IN SPAIN.

RAILWAYS DAMAGED.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received Oct. 2.
There have been disastrous floods in Spain; railways have been cut up and crops ruined. The flood at Carbone soaked some barrels of calcium carbide stored at an ironmonger's, generating acetylene gas. It caused a terrific explosion which killed three people passing by, and blew up two houses, burying five families. Fourteen persons were killed and thirty injured.

LOCAL SPORT.

Hongkong Cricket Club.

A practice match will take place on the Club Ground on Saturday, October 4, between the Club and the Rest. Play to commence at 2.15 p.m. Teams:—

The Club:—R. Hancock (Capt.), C. C. Clarke, A. A. Claxton, P. H. Cobbe, D. E. Donnelly, A. L. Gace, Major Gan Kelly, M. M. Mace, S. S. Moore, T. E. Pearce and R. P. Thurstield.

The Rest:—Major Bowen, A.O.D., Capt. Crawford, R.G.A., Major Currie, R.G.A., Rev. W. H. Foster Pegg, R. O. Hutchinson, Capt. Matthews, R.G.A., Capt. Robertson, A.O.D., Hon. Mr. Clau, Savaia, Engr. Lieut. Smith, R.N., Lieut. Wace, R.N. and Lieut. Wiltshire, R.G.A.

Football Opens.

The first game of the second division of the United Services Football League took place yesterday afternoon on the naval ground at the Happy Valley and ended in a win for the Submarines over the D.C.L.I. Bagles, by five goals to nil. Asagame, the display given was, as often happens in opening matches, rather uninteresting, though the submarines showed the result of recent practice. They passed accurately—but slowly—and certainly had most of the game. Their opponents however, when they did secure any advantageous position failed lamentably in front of goal. That, and their general lack of combination, brought about their downfall.

In the first half, Ferns and Lyons scored for the Submarines, and in the second half, Simmonds played a decidedly good game and deserves to be seen in first division football.

The teams were as follows:—
Submarines:—Cooke, Dunce and Rissen; Granger, Pickavance and Ashley; Simmonds, Ferns, Battenham, Lyons.

D.C.L.I. Bagles:—Giltze; Bowler and Huddle; Jackson, Palmer and Gregory; Walls, Olafse, Looney, Outmore and Williams.

Y.M.C.A. Hockey Club.
The annual general meeting of the Y.M.C.A. Hockey Club, was held last evening at the Association Rooms, when Mr. W. Sykes, president.

The following officers were elected:—President, Mr. W. Sykes, Captain, Mr. H. Edmunds, vice-captain, Mr. C. O. Hickling, Hon. Secretary and Treasurers, Mr. C. W. Randall.

The club will have the ground at Happy Valley as last season, and a practice match will take place on Monday next.

Hongkong Football Association.
Some interesting matters will be discussed at the monthly meeting of the Hongkong Football Association to-day, including correspondence relative to connection with Shanghai and absent ships, report of the Referees' Board, requests for affiliation from leagues and clubs, and the consideration of a new rule that all fees have to be paid before a club can take part in any competition.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

The House of Representatives has ratified the American Tariff Bill.
Great Britain's revenue for last quarter amounted to £33,797,000 an increase of £2,634,099.

Lord Roberts, in a message to the nation, appeals for active support of the national Service movement.

Mr. Ure ridicules provisional government, which, he says is, a huge fraud and a hopeless impossibility.

The Rt. Hon. Augustine Birrell, chief secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland since 1907, has arrived at Balmoral.

Kaid Maclean, K.O.M.G., was married at Paddington to Theresa, daughter of the late General Sir Henry Prendergast.

The Times in a leader says: "The passive resistance of South Africa in denunciation of Union Government is totally unjust."

Mr. A. Ure, speaking at Chiswick, said he had the highest authority for stating that there would not be a civil war in Ulster.

There is reasonable prospect of the Queen of Portugal's recovery in a definite time. The King has also taken up his residence in the hospital.

Mr. Archer (who relieved the Camel Corps (Small) has been decorated with the order of Companion of St. Michael and St. George.

The Queen of Portugal was taken ill on September 18. Fever was accompanied by gastric symptoms and the right renal cavity was affected in sympathy.

LOCAL.

"Jottings by the way" appear to-day's issue.

A practice cricket match will take place on the Club Ground on Saturday, between the Club and Rest.

The ordinary annual general meeting of the Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Co., Ltd. was held to-day.

Mr. H. W. D. Sherrard, of the P. & O. Company has been appointed agent of the Company, at Perth, Western Australia.

The annual general meeting of the Y.M.C.A. Hockey Club was held last night at Club's headquarters, Alexandra Buildings.

European Charged at Singapore. In the Singapore police court, F. O. Townsend, living at the Waverley Hotel, has been charged with stealing \$131 in notes on September 18, from J. J. Hudson, of the Merchant Services Guild. The hearing of the case was postponed until October 1, bail being granted in \$300.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Victoria Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Bijou Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre 9.15 p.m.

Bijou Theatre 9.15 p.m.

Saturday, October 4.

Extraordinary General Meeting, Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd.—noon.

Ordinary Annual General Meeting, Messrs Wm. Powell Ltd.—noon.

Saturday, October 11.

Ordinary Annual General Meeting Dairy Farm Co. Ltd.—12.30 p.m.

THIS SPACE TO LET.

Notices

SAN MIGUEL DRAUGHT BEER.

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AT ELEVEN.

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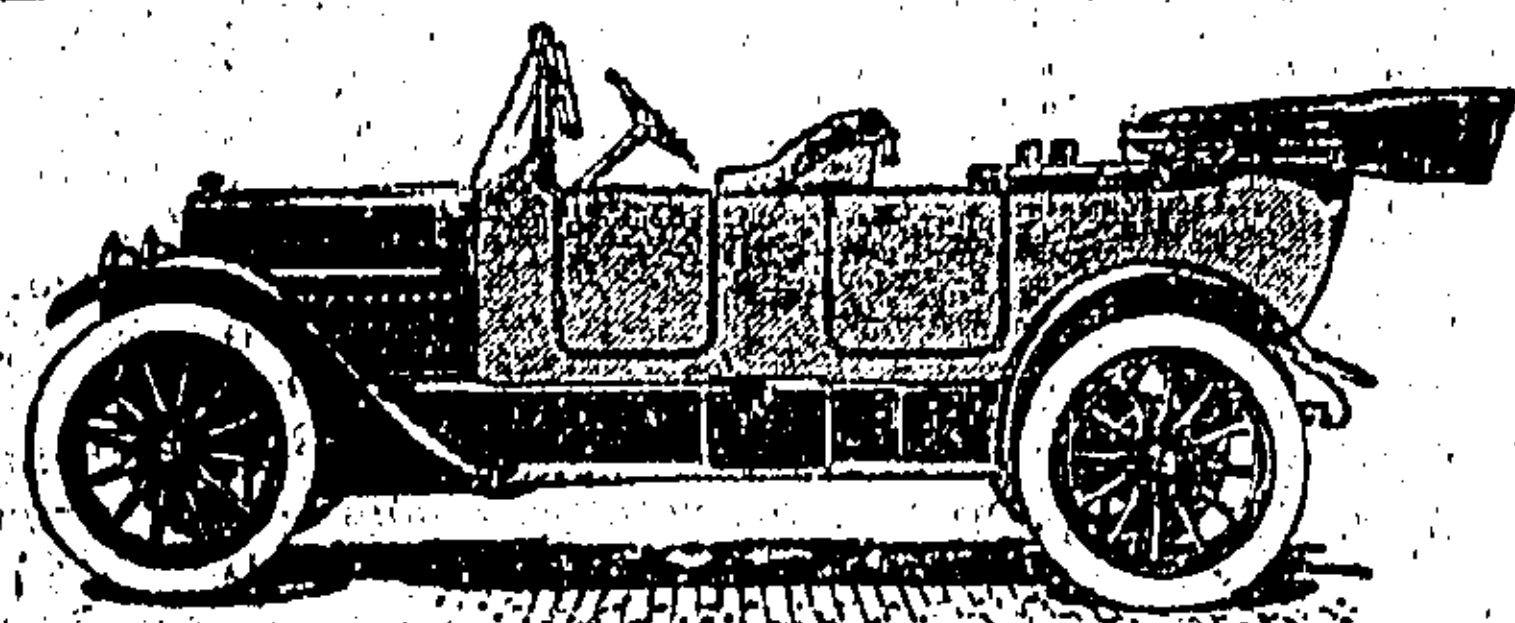
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ing and gasping for breath when
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NOBBS' ASTHMA CURE

will give you certain, prompt
relief and ensure a good night's
rest? This, the only genuine cure
for Asthma, discovered by Mr.
NOBBS, a qualified Chemist, and
a sufferer for many years, will, if
taken when necessary, effect a
radical cure of this erstwhile in-
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Hongkong, 16th August, 1901

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CHOW-CHOW
(A. I. Quality)
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12-24lb jars \$ 5.00

Best Quality
HANKOW TEA
(Own Selection)
5 lbs Nett \$9.00
7 lbs Nett \$11.00
10 lbs Nett \$15.00
CUMQUAT
(Specially Selected)
6-5 lb jars \$ 4.50
12-24lb jars \$16.60

The above quotations include all customs duties and charges. We guarantee free delivery to any town in Great Britain. Special Rates will be quoted on application for other parts of the world.

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SYNZA	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
YO MARU	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
HIRA O MARU	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
MILE	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
KATORI MARU	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
KYRI	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
KAMU MARU	London	24-10-13	25-10-13
SUMATRA	London	24-10-13	25-10-13

Send in your orders early. We want to help you to get a suitable Xmas Present home in good time.
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MILK STERILISED.

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ordinary Milk and can be used for any purpose for
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STEAMERS. Monthly Rates for Tiffin and Dinner. SPECIAL DINNERS
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Hotel Launch meets All Steamers

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R. H. NORTH,
Manager.

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

PLUNKET'S GAP

The Peak,

near the Tram Terminus

Tel. 66.

For Terms apply to the

MANAGER, Hongkong, 11th July, 1913.

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EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
GOOD SERVICE. RATES
6 YEN AND UP.

Uniformed hotel porter meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage are
checked for without any trouble to
guests.
Hongkong, 1st Feb. 1913. (15)

MEE CHEUNG.

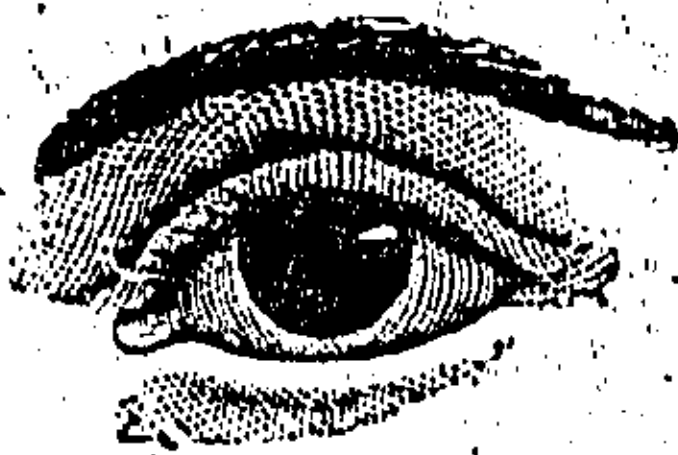
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TELEPHONE NO. 1013.

Developing, Printing & Enlarging

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(COPY OF LETTER)

Office of the President

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION
SAN FRANCISCO.

January 2nd, 1913.

This is to certify that the
REMINGTON STANDARD TYPE-
WRITER is used exclusively for
the official business of the
Panama-Pacific International
Exposition.

CHARLES C. MOORE,

President.

SIEMSEN & CO., Sole Agents for
Hongkong, Canton, South China and Formosa.

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so long in the East and
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Without recognition the
Executive will have extreme
difficulty in reducing the various
factions in China to any semblance
of law or order. Nevertheless
China, in the opinion of her
friends, both in the South and
North, is deserving of recognition,
and the sooner it is forthcoming
the better will it be for her and
for the nations who hope to
participate in her industrial
successes. So long as misun-
derstanding exists, however, and the
world at large is satisfied to bolt
indigestible lumps of information,
covered with a sugar-coating of
glittering generalities and false
conclusions, just so long will re-
cognition be delayed, but as soon
as China and the hopes and in-
tentions of men in Power to-day
are understood, we shall not have
to wait long for that recognition
which, it is generally believed,
will result in the peace and pros-
perity of the young republic.

Da-y Press.

The Canton Hankow Line.

Mr. Collinson, the engineer-in-
chief of the line, in his latest
published report on the re-sur-
veying of the whole route, states
that the engineers report the
traffic prospects to be very good.
"The line will pass through the
tea districts at Yangowze and
Yanglowtung, while the country
south of Changsha is highly cul-
tivated and prosperous; the rail-
way will tap very rich mineral
districts in Hunan, and will no
doubt become a great factor in
the development of this profitable
industry." All this means that a
very lucrative traffic is certain
to develop to the great benefit of
the railways in which the pro-
vince of Kwangtung is interested,
for Kowloon, rather than Han-
kow, will be the outlet for both
the tea and the minerals. With
upwards of a hundred miles of
the trunk line already open to
traffic in Kwangtung, no time
should be lost in constructing the
loop line connecting it with the
Canton-Kowloon line, thus initi-
ating and establishing the uninter-
rupted transit of the products of
Central China to Kowloon for ex-
port to the world's markets.

China Mail.

The Competition for Admiralty
Work.

Much was said during the
Estimate Committee's proceedings
about tenders for Admiralty work
closely approximating each other,
says a writer of an interesting
article in *Engineering*. This, in
the case of armour and ordnance
machinery, is easily understood.
Each successive contract, as a
rule, differs little from its pre-
decessor, and, with their great
experience and carefully tabulated
costs, the manufacturing firms
find it easy to arrive at a
definite result. With ships
and boilers and propelling machi-
nery, where there is continuous
development, there is probability
of a greater margin of error. In
the one instance the tenderer is
dealing with precedent, in the
other he is making an estimate
based, more or less, on experience
of similar, but not exactly, cor-
responding work. Much was
made of the fact that recently in
the case of the machinery of one
ship only five firms could be asked
to tender. Rear-Admiral Good-
win, Deputy Engineer-in-Chief,
expressed his conviction that
there was full competition. Had
it been prudent to give the price
quoted, this would have been
obvious to the most prejudiced
mind.

For a good solid meal a la
Carte or Table d'Hôte with
Wines & Liqueurs of the Best
ALEXANDRA CAFE

GENERAL NEWS.

Teaching the Deaf to Hear.

Peterson (Mich.), August 24.—Miss Helen Keller, the noted blind, deaf and dumb girl, has heard her first note of music. She caught the vibrations of a violin string through her teeth, held against the bridge of the instrument. Although her ear drums are useless, Prof. Franz Kohler of the Berlin Conservatoire declared that the harmonies had been communicated to her brain and that she had caught the strains. The first note which the former concertmaster of the Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra played for Miss Keller was on the string of his rare old violin. She held her teeth firmly against the scroll while Prof. Kohler played strains of a Saint Saens composition, using both the high and low registers.

The Slavery Question in the Philippines.

Washington, September 23.—A close and full investigation of the whole question of slavery in the Philippines, with reference also to the condition of peonage in which thousands are said to exist, will be among the first duties to be taken up by Governor General Francis Burton Harrison, after he has assumed office in Manila. This is the statement just made in official circles, where it is freely said that instructions are to be sent to Mr. Harrison, conveying the wish of President Wilson that the question be studied from every angle, and that an extended report be forwarded to the War Department at the earliest opportunity.

Mrs. Pankhurst to Visit America.

On the conclusion of her "rest cure" in France Mrs. Pankhurst will not return to England, says the Times, but will leave for the United States, where she is to conduct a campaign in favour of woman suffrage, with special reference to the "white slave" traffic. Meetings will be addressed in Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other great cities. Mrs. Pankhurst will return to London in time for the re-opening of Parliament, and she proposes to address an Albert Hall demonstration on the eve of the opening of the new Session. She will then outline her new campaign, and in the meantime it is understood that the "truce" is to be adhered to. There is, it is stated, no foundation for the report that Miss Christabel Pankhurst will leave Paris to direct the militant movement in Britain in place of her mother.

Big Fee Claimed for Operation.

New York, August 30.—A petition heard by Surrogate Fowler showed that the late Dr. James P. Tuttle, who operated on Mr. James R. Keene on January 2 last, the day Mr. Keene died, had an oral understanding with Keene that he was to receive \$5,000 for the operation. Dr. Tuttle died not long after Mr. Keene and his executors sent a bill for \$5,200 to Mr. Solomon Hanford, executor under Mr. Keene's will, claiming the extra \$200 as a consultation fee. Mr. Hanford refused to pay, saying the bill was excessive. The petition before Surrogate Fowler was by the Tuttle executors for permission to settle the claim for \$4,000. The Court permitted the settlement.

Wireless Telephone in Mines.

The first installation of wireless telephony in a coal mine in Great Britain has just been fitted up at Dinnington Main Colliery, South Yorkshire, and is giving satisfactory results. The system is the invention of Herr J. H. Reinecke, of Bochum, Westphalia, and has already been adopted in German collieries. Its introduction into England is due to Mr. Maurice Deacon, managing director of the Dinnington Main group of collieries. At Dinnington instruments have been placed at two points—one in the pit bottom and the other 1,000 yards "in-by," and conversation has been carried on between these points just as through an ordinary telephone, with the use of only about 20 yards of wire. In the event of a disaster in a pit, miners entombed by falls would be able to open up communication with other parts of the colliery.

SINGAPORE HARBOUR WORKS.

Increase in Estimated Cost Explained.

At the last meeting of the Singapore Legislative Council a discussion took place on the voting of \$140,000 to meet current requirements on the Singapore Harbour Works. It was mentioned, says the Straits Times, that the engineers' estimate as to the cost of the works had recently been increased from the figure given by them in February, 1912, but no explanation was promised and, this having been obtained from Messrs. Cade, Matthews, Fitzmaurice and Wilson, it has been circulated among members of Council.

The Singapore Harbour Works, it may be recalled, comprised originally the construction of the mole and a sea-wall—with attendant reclamation work—extending from Johnston's Pier to Mount Palmer. Owing to certain circumstances the reclamation scheme was altered to include the construction of a tidal basin at Telok Ayer. The estimated cost, made in February, 1912, for the whole works, including the tidal basin, was \$1,512,000. Since then certain difficulties have been encountered which make the estimate higher. The principal portion of the work on which excess expenditure has been incurred is in the cylinder work in the piers and the strengthening walls. One row of cylinders was already down when that 1912 estimate was made and they were the only guide afforded to the engineers in making that estimate. It has been found, however, that in putting down the second row of cylinders the sea bed was extremely inconsistent and the second row had to go to a greater depth than the first. Hence more expenditure was incurred. That accounts for the greater portion of the increase in the estimate, but there is also a considerable increase in the amount allowed for filling, and there has been a smaller addition in dredging. In their report made in August this year the engineers increase the estimate of cost by \$144,000, making the total \$1,656,000.

A satisfactory feature of their explanatory statement is that which concerns the mole. There has been no increase in the sum allowed for the mole, which is progressing in a normal manner for works of that class constructed on a mud bottom, where the process of making up natural settlements as they occur has been resorted to. The critics who delight to note and call attention to those settlements may be interested to know that the quantity of material allowed for in the contract for the mole, at the very beginning, was 1,243,000 tons. Up to August 31 last the amount put down was 1,056,000 tons and the engineers believe that the whole of the original allowance will possibly not be required. This is good hearing to ears, the works being let out on schedule rates of payment, it means a saving of money of the much magnified mole.

The engineers add that "the probable cost of the works has now been got out with the advantage of an additional 18 months' experience of the conditions, although the latter very suddenly and abruptly. The extent of the ground over which cylinders have to be sunk is rapidly becoming smaller and it is believed allowance made as to the depths of the remaining ones will prove fully sufficient. There are still some uncertain factors—notably the behaviour of the reclamation during the dredging of the tidal basin—for which no certain allowance can possibly be made and to the engineers cannot tie themselves to the sum of \$1,653,000, which is and must remain an estimate of the probable total cost of the works, prepared in what they believe to be at the moment a conservative manner."

Raja Brooke.

By present arrangements His Highness the Raja of Sarawak, Sir Charles Brooke, calls for England about the middle of this month by the French Mail from Singapore.

THE SUPPLY OF MOTOR SPIRIT.

Possible New Source.

In the course of the past few weeks the Petrol Substitutes Joint Committee, which is composed of representatives from the Royal Automobile Club, the Automobile Association, and Motor Union, and the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, has discovered a process, by means of which it is hoped that fully 40,000,000 gallons of British motor spirit will be available annually, without further depletion of the country's mineral resources. The spirit is said to be got from coal.

Excellent results, the committee state, have been obtained from a small demonstration plant, and it is confidently hoped that the full-sized commercial plant now in course of building will be equally successful.

The annual consumption of motor spirit in this country is now estimated at about 100,000,000 gallons, so that if expectations are realized a very considerable proportion of the demand should be met from the new source.

On the day after the above statement had appeared in the Times, Mr. Stenson Cooke, secretary of the Automobile Association and Motor Union and of the Petrol Substitutes Joint Committee, expressed the opinion in conversation that the new process was likely practically to revolutionize the motor spirit industry, and, what is of even greater importance, render Great Britain partially independent of foreign supplies.

The substitute involves the utilization of a by-product of coal hitherto unsuitable for motor fuel. Mr. Stenson Cooke states that he is unable to give details, though the idea of applying the process to the particular substance emanated from the committee. The fullest investigations have been made by experts, and the results are excellent. The process has been watched from start to finish, and final judgment is only postponed until it has been triumphantly demonstrated in a full-sized plant, which will only need duplication in order to produce from 40,000,000 to 50,000,000 gallons of the spirit annually. A full-sized commercial plant is now in course of building, and if the experiments made there are successful—as the committee confidently hope they will be—the plant will be duplicated.

The motor fuel produced from the demonstration plant appears in every way to answer the requirements of the modern engine, and it is said to give from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. extra power as compared with the ordinary marketable petrol. The cost will certainly be lower than the present price of petrol, and it will be equal to the best quality petrol. Within six weeks the committee hope to have full knowledge of the commercial possibilities. Mr. Cooke added: "My committee bear in mind that the motor community calls not so much for very large reductions in price as for the abolition of the present irritating spirit of uncertainty as regards both price and supply."

Attacked with a Hatchet.

A hatchet was the weapon used in a fight last week at Manila, between Aniceto Cruz and Raymond Villanueva (on one side, and Silvestre Bando, resulting in the serious cutting of the latter, who is now in the General Hospital in a critical condition. The fight occurred on Calle Juan Luna, and arose over a labour question. The fast wagon was hurried to the scene, to take the injured man to the hospital, and his assailants to the Meisic station, where they will be held until it is known whether Bando will recover.

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Apply to

LINSTEAD & DAVIS,

3rd Floor, Alexandra Building

Hongkong, 27th June, 1913 [211]

TO LET.—No. 150 "Magazine Gap," Peak. Apply to:—SPANISH DOMINICAN PRO-CURATION.

THE NEW RIFLE.

Reported Withdrawal.

We understand that the new 276 rifle is about to be withdrawn. A certain number of these rifles have been issued experimentally to the Infantry in the course of the present year. They have been much liked. Recently, however, more severe tests have been applied, and it appears to have been discovered that when the rifle is hot after firing a large number of rounds the cartridge in the rifle becomes baked and sets up undue pressure when fired. Some authorities think that the matter can be adjusted, others incline to the view that we must change our powder if we wish to rival the low trajectories of the best foreign arms.

The provisional failure of the ammunition is stated, however, to be only a contributing cause to the reported withdrawal of the rifle. It is said that as the automatic rifle is so near to us it is not worth while to make a change, and that it would be a great waste of money to be compelled to check re-ammunition when begun and to change to an automatic rifle. This explanation does not please everybody. The automatic rifle seems no nearer to us than when the decision was made to adopt the 276, and it is alleged that financial reasons, rather than sound grounds of policy, are responsible for the decision which is reported to have been taken. The question is important, and it is very desirable that a definite statement should be made by the War Office without delay.

When the King visited Aldershot in May last, the new rifle was used in tests which were carried out before his Majesty, and it was then stated that the arm was somewhat longer than the present

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Hongkong, 9th June, 1913. [345]

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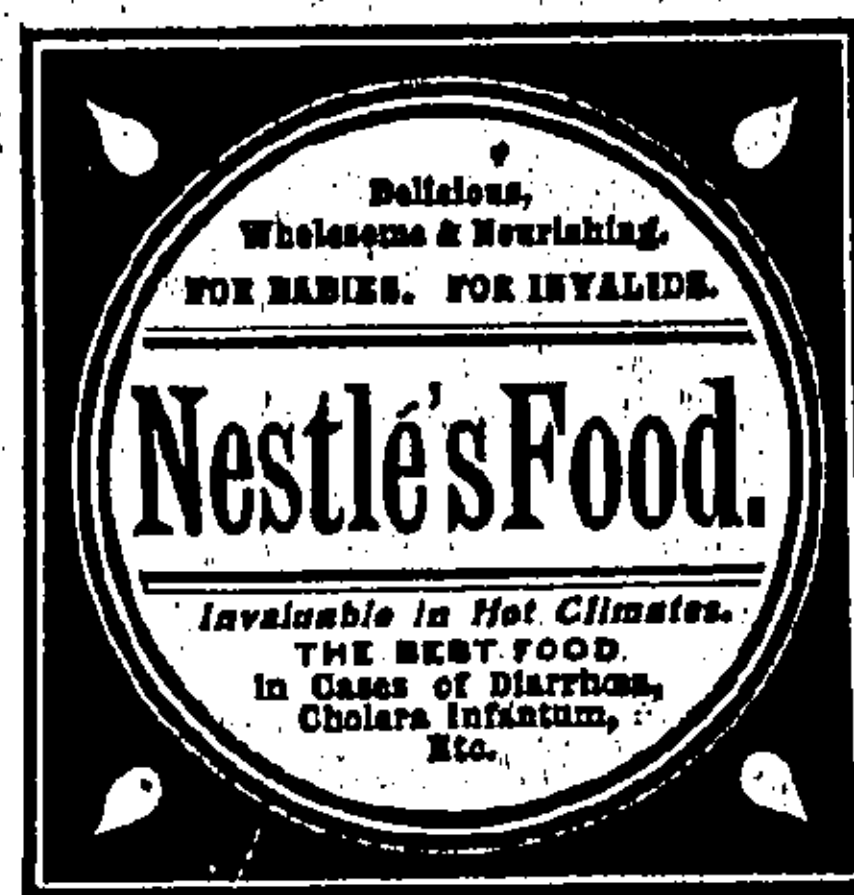
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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1913.

THE TREND OF BRITISH POLITICS.

The intelligent foreigner who tries to follow the trend of British politics, must at times be hard put to it to find his way through the maze and to believe in the sense of honour which is supposed to underlie our public life. It is an accepted fact that whatever party is in power and however wrong-headed the plans of its leaders may seem, these plans have been inspired by a sincere desire to keep the wheel of progress moving. Our British public men—as public men—are, speaking generally, above suspicion. They do not play the game of politics for the sake of personal gain. But British people have an unfortunate habit of washing their dirty linen in public; and, more unfortunately still, if one piece which seems dirtier than it is, is not cleaned and hung out to dry on a public rope, there is always a spiteful neighbour ready to remark the fact and to place the worst construction upon it.

That is precisely what is happening in the correspondence between the Cecil family and Mr. Lloyd George. The Chancellor of the Exchequer came rather badly out of the Marconi scandal. At best he had been terribly indiscreet; so indiscreet that, remembering the post he holds and the high standard of purity of motive, he had himself set for the holder of that post, he would have been wiser to have admitted his fault and to have resigned. He has claimed more than once that the Chancellor of the Exchequer should be a second Caesar's wife, so to speak; but, then, he may have been thinking of other Chancellors. Men are usually better at framing rules for others than for themselves. In any event, Mr. Lloyd George took his exposure badly, and was visibly made allegations against the Cecil family. He could, and would, he said, readily furnish instances of the investments of members of the Cecil family when in office, mostly referred to members of the family, whom he did not name, in whom public interest had clashed with private duty, and referred to "the suspicious way in which the greatest of all Cecils originally acquired property." This kind of talk should be beneath the dignity of a Cabinet Minister. If a man is publicly to be held up to ridicule because of something which can be alleged against one of his ancestors by a petty attorney who has climbed to notoriety as a new terror to public life, a man is responsible for, say, hyphenating his name, though his ancestors did not—Mr. Lloyd George is a case in point—but if his ancestors added to their wealth or name, by means not quite proper, the matter is beyond his control. And one has little respect for a Cabinet Minister who tries to blacken other men, evidently in the hope that he will himself seem whiter.

Add to this unfortunate correspondence, the Ulster trouble, and one wonders what other nations, who judge only from external, can think of British public life. Somewhere in the "Foot at the Breakfast Table" Oliver Wendell Holmes makes "the member" remark that "it ain't just the thing to grease your ex with oil of vitrol." The danger attending inflammatory letters and speeches was never more strikingly expressed. What a man thinks is his own account; but when he is a public man who thinks aloud for the guidance of others, he has every need to be careful. And careful thinking in Britain to-day seems to be a lost art.

The Question of Somaliland.

The recent disaster in Somaliland and the blue book issued the other day, bring the Protectorate into prominence once more. Many people want to know whether this wild waste of country is worth the money which has been spent on it, and, if British occupation of the country is to be made entirely effective, what the cost is to be to the British taxpayer. Major M. L. Hornby, who spent five years in the country, believes that \$5,000,000 would not cover what has been spent in Somaliland in vain during the last ten years. Nothing effective, he contends, can be done without a railway, right across the Protectorate. He points out that neither British nor Indian troops do well there and declares that an expedition, with administration to follow, would involve a huge expenditure. If the Protectorate were of vital importance to the nation, that expenditure would be justified, but not otherwise.

Olympic Games.

We are waiting to see what will be made of the Royal and Ancient Club's protest against the inclusion of golf in the Olympic Games. It seems to us that the protest is wholly justified. If the ancient spirit of the games is to be preserved, golf has no right to be included. The ancient Greeks knew no game, so far as we have ever learned, even remotely approaching to golf. Walking, running, leaping, swimming, javelin throwing, wrestling—these fall naturally into the programmes. If golf is included, why not lawn tennis and bowls and motor boat racing, and aviation itself? If the Olympic games must be fetched up to date, let them be brought fully up to date and include horse racing (with more reason than golf) and all the rest of it. If not, then let them retain the spirit of the games of old times.

Temperance Drinks.

It will be seen from yesterday's Telegraph that the Government Chemist in London has been making some interesting discoveries in the matter of so-called temperance drinks and their constituents. In sixty-three samples of "non-alcoholic" beverages analysed, between two and three per cent of proof spirit was discovered, while ten other samples contained no less than from five to eleven per cent. Not bad this, for temperance, particularly if we remember that light beers do not, as a rule, contain more than four or five per cent of alcohol! When the Board of Trade does its duty—in other words, when the Millennium comes—"non-alcoholic" will mean what it says. We don't expect the Law to be able to govern chemical action; fermentation or what not; but it should have no difficulty in insisting that an article sold as a temperance drink is what it claims to be. Incidentally one might add that the law has power to forbid the sale of focussed whisky and chemically-made beer; but in its almighty wisdom, it permits adulteration "up to a certain point." The cheerful humbug of this system is most refreshing.

Mrs. Pankhurst's New Mission.

And so Mrs. Pankhurst is going to America—not to preach women's rights as much as to attack the white slave pigdin. This is good hearing, and we hope rightly earnestly that her many disciples will take a leaf out of her book. If they had as much sense of humour as a sheep they would have realised long ago that there are thousands of things in this world that are of more importance than women's votes. It will not be by bawling in the marketplace or stalking into the polling-booth that women will succeed in bettering the condition of their unfortunate sisters who may be living in poverty, or misery, or shame. Quiet, womanly persuasion, and a modest example, may hope to redeem at least some of the white slaves, whose political measures might prove—and have proved—hopeless. Does Mrs. Pankhurst ever pause to think that thousands of these hapless creatures sink to their present mode of life through sheer poverty—a poverty from which a tiny dip into the enormous fund chest, which the Suffragists have refused to carry on their insane propaganda, could quite easily relieve?

DAY BY DAY.

SOME FELLOWS ARE GIVEN TO DRINK ONLY WHEN DRINK IS GIVEN TO THEM.

The Mails.

German Mail—Arrives per s.s. Derflinger to-day.

Canadian and American Mails—Left per s.s. Seattle Maru to-day at 2 p.m.

Siberian Mail—Closes per s.s. Derflinger at 5 p.m. to-day.

Fills' Circus.

Col. Frank Fills opens with his circus at Kennedy Town on Saturday evening.

Silk Cargo.

The cargo of raw silk shipped on board the s.s. Chili which left this port on August 26, was delivered at Lyons on September 29.

Opium Overdose.

A Chinese aged 38 has been sent to hospital from No. 2 U Yung Lane suffering from an overdose of opium, supposed to have been self-administered.

Time Ball Wrong.

According to a notification published yesterday, the time ball fell on September 30, 20 seconds too soon, owing to a contact in the relay circuit.

Stolen from Light House.

A coolie at Green Island lighthouse has reported to the police that someone stole a \$10 note from a jacket pocket which he had left hanging in his quarters.

Silk Delivered.

The T.K.K. Yokohama office is in receipt of advice by wireless to the effect that the silk shipped per s.s. "Nippon Maru" was delivered in New York on the 28th ultimo.

Missing.

A Chinese widow of No. 23 Queen's Road East gave a man named Ah Tai \$35 in money to change into Singapore money at a money-changer's shop. Ah Tai, however, failed to return, and neither he nor the money have been seen since.

Mr. Shallard's New Post.

Mr. H. W. D. Shallard who acted as Superintendent of the Hongkong office of the P. and O. Company during the absence on leave of the Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewatt, C. M. G., has been appointed agent for the Company at Perth, Western Australia. He leaves with Mrs. Shallard on October 25 to take up his new post, and he will leave the East with the good wishes of the many friends he has made during his stay out here.

A Clever Set of Pictures.

We have received from the British American Tobacco Co. two of a set of six pictures entitled "Billiards made Easy" by the late Tom Brown. We recommend our readers who smoke Egyptian cigarettes of any B.A.T. brand to save their empty tins, as we understand that the company is presenting a similar set of pictures to persons returning empty tins that have contained 200 of such cigarettes.

AN OLD TRICK.

Ricksha Coolie and the Sleeping Man.

When a mariner named Richard Badham, engaged a ricksha at the Hongkong Hotel to take him to the corner of Ice House Lane, last night he had the misfortune to fall asleep. He found, when he woke up, that the coolie had taken him along to Vaux Road to Wing Lok Street, and that the coolie was under arrest. It appears that district watchman No. 3 saw the man drop the rickshaw and with the aid of another man commenced to rifle the pockets of the sleeping fare. He caught the ricksha coolie, and the consequence was that at the Police Court this morning, the ricksha coolie was charged by Inspector Fenton, before Mr. Wood with stealing the sum of \$30 and some certificates from the fare. It was stated that the ricksha coolie was not licensed. A sentence of three months' imprisonment and four hours' stocks was passed on the stealing charge.

COMPANY MEETING.

Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Co., Ltd.

The sixteenth annual general meeting of the Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Co., Ltd., was held this morning at the offices of the General Managers, Messrs Jardine, Matheson and Co. The Hon. Mr. D. Lansdale presiding.

There were also present:—Sir C. P. Chater, Mr. J. W. O. Bonnar and Mr. Ho Fook, consulting committee and Messrs J. Harrop, manager, H. Gittens, Yuen Hop, Lo Cheung-shui, W. E. Clarke, A. Burns, A. E. Crappell, P. O. Potter, A. Rodger, J. C. Taylor shareholders, and the secretary, Mr. C. W. Bawick.

Chairman's Speech.

The Secretary having read the notices convening the meeting and the auditors certificate, the Chairman said:—Gentlemen. The statement of accounts having been in your hands for the past fortnight, I will, with your approval, take them as read.

During the past year the cotton and yarn markets have ruled comparatively steady and trade has been fair. With the all round improvement in our organisation this has enabled us to show a satisfactory result for the year's working.

The outbreak of the rebellion seriously hampered us during the last two months of our working year and business being practically at a standstill, caused our stock of yarn to increase considerably, but it was all sold and I am glad to say that we have since had good clearances. Our cotton position is satisfactory and we are covered at low rates well into the new season, which is fortunate in view of the sharp advance that has recently taken place.

The mill is now on a sound basis and as our earnings continue to gain in favour we find no difficulty in disposing of the whole of our output. Throughout the past year we have worked full time on the long day shift, and the position of our order book was such that the general managers decided to place the mill on day and night work from the commencement of the new financial year. As usual in such cases we encountered some difficulties with new unskilled labour, but we are gradually improving in this respect and hope shortly to show an increase in our production.

You will observe that the sum of \$18,001.00 has been spent on repairs and renewals, and we may say that particular attention is paid toward keeping the whole of our property and machinery in a high state of efficiency.

Your general managers have had under their serious consideration the advisability of recommending you to transfer the mill to Shanghai and it is only the large sum which has been invested by the company in land and buildings here and which would in the event of such a transfer be made to be left unproductive, that has deferred us from bringing forward the proposition.

The land and buildings, now stand in our books at \$550,000, \$150,000 for land and \$400,000 for buildings, a sum which it would be very difficult to recover by a sale of the property since the buildings of a cotton mill are not very suitable for anything else.

I may say that the sale of the 10,000 spindles to Shanghai resulted in a profit of about \$80,000. On the book value and property account which stood at \$1,516,407, in 1912 now stands at \$1,148,407.

There are many reasons even at present why Shanghai is a more suitable place for a cotton mill such as the purchase of raw cotton the production of which has increased so much of late years in Central and Northern China and also the supply of labour, but the chief reason is one which overshadows the future and which will materially affect all manufactures in this Colony, I refer to the possibility of an increase in the Chinese Customs duties. This is a contingency which we must keep before us and it may be necessary for me to again refer to this subject at no very distant date.

There is an item in the accounts of \$1,000 bonus to be divided amongst the foreign staff at

the mill and I feel sure you will approve of the consulting committee's action in making the grant in recognition of good work, under trying conditions of climate and native labour.

We are fully engaged with work for the next two to three months and present prospects are fair, provided the price of cotton keeps within reasonable limits. It is to be hoped that good trading conditions will prevail and enable us to show a satisfactory result for the current year.

Before I propose the adoption of the report and accounts, I shall be pleased to answer any questions which shareholders may have to put.

There being no questions gentlemen, I beg to propose that the report and accounts as presented be passed.

Sir Paul Chater:—I beg to second that.

The Chairman:—Proposed by myself and seconded by Sir Paul Chater that the report and accounts be passed. Those in favour please signify in the usual manner—against—carried unanimously.

Mr. W. E. Clarke:—I beg to propose that Sir Paul Chater, Mr. J. W. O. Bonnar, and Mr. Ho Fook be re-elected to serve on the consulting committee.

Mr. Potts:—I beg to second that.

The Chairman:—Proposed by Mr. Clarke and seconded by Mr. Potts that Sir Paul Chater, Mr. J. W. O. Bonnar and Mr. Ho Fook be re-elected to serve on the consulting committee. Those in favour please signify—against—carried unanimously.

Mr. Taylor:—I beg to propose that Mr. Hutton Potts be re-elected auditor at remuneration of \$250.00 for the year.

Mr. Lo Cheung-shui:—I beg to second.

The Chairman:—It has been proposed and seconded that Mr. Hutton Potts be re-elected auditor at a remuneration of \$250 for the year. Those in favour—against—carried unanimously.

The Chairman:—That is all the business gentlemen; thank you for your attendance.

NEW WESTERN MARKET.

Now Open for Public Use.

Yesterday morning there was thrown open for public use, the New Western Market which is now considered to be the best building of its nature in the Colony. The new building was started in 1911 when it was found that the market erected on the Praya was not sufficient to meet the growing needs of the district. For a time, and in fact until quite recently, a number of makeshift stalls were allowed to augment those actually in the market, but since the completion of the new building these have been done away with. The new market lies between Wing Lok Street and Queen's Road and is on the old market site.

The choice of this spot practically arose out of a collapse of some houses in Morrison Street, for the Government took advantage of the opportunity thus offered to resume the land for the purposes of the new market. The building is certainly one of the finest in the Colony and the entrance from Wing Lok Street is most imposing though that from Queen's Road is small and insignificant. The whole is surmounted by an impressive-looking dome, and the interior is light and airy as a market well needs to be in Hongkong. On Tuesday evening the Chinese who have rented stalls secured permission to celebrate the occupancy of the new market, and this was effectually carried out with the aid of a Chinese band and fusillades of crackers. It is anticipated that the newly opened market will meet the needs of the district for some very considerable time to come.

Mr. Clementi.

The London and China Express states that Mr. O. Clementi, late Assistant Colonial Secretary of Hongkong, who has been appointed to succeed Sir Charles Cox, K. C. M. G., as Government Secretary of British Guiana, is expected to arrive in that Colony on October 9.

JOTTINGS BY THE WAY.

"It is generally believed that important discussions will take place on the Home Rule question," said a Reuter's wire on Monday. Up till now, we take it, the subject has been badly neglected.

"During the procession through the streets of Belfast a revolver was fired and a child shot in the leg." This proof of ability to hit something, must greatly have cheered Sir Edward Carson.

A paragraph in our "General News," the other day, told of a Chinese in a Court at Home who declined to swear in the native fashion and preferred the Scots manner. A Scot who read this paragraph, and who made brief but pointed comment thereon, convinced us that no Chinese on earth can ever swear in the Scots fashion. Swearing in the Scots, like drinking whisky, is an in-born gift.

"Lee Suan has telegraphed to the Central Government that On Yung-mo, who has been sentenced to death, petitions for milder punishment." A kindly admonition would no doubt meet his wishes.

A witness in a police court at Home: "I ran after him like a young greyhound. I chased the scoundrel and he wriggled and got away. I ran after him like a racehorse." If we could only see this on the cinematograph, we should run like a China pony (touched with rheumatism) to see it.

From our "Day by Day" on Tuesday:—

At the Police Court, this morning: A soldier giving evidence:—"This yer Chinky man—" Mr. Hazeland: "Don't say Chinky man; say Chinaman."

Why not "Chinese" and let us all be correct while we are about it?

"Yuan as a humorist," says a headline in a contemporary; and it follows up with an example. Thus:—

The gathering was a gay one, and the President enlivened the company by relating several amusing anecdotes. In telling a story about himself, the President said: "Gentlemen, I would like to tell you why I am not a good swimmer. When I was young, one day I and a corporal went out to the sea-side, to bathe in the sea. The corporal had a big and strong body and could plunge into the deep water. I wished to follow his example, but because of my slender stature, I could not go to any great depth. Then my foot was often hurt by the sharp grains of sand."

That is a rib-shaker.

But the story which follows runs that of President Yuan very close. It came under our notice only two days ago:—

"An eminent judge, who was said to be one of the most compassionate of men, once presided over a criminal court. His softness of heart, however, did not prevent him from doing his duty as a judge. A man who had been convicted of stealing a small amount was brought into court for sentence. He looked very sad and the court was much moved by his contrite appearance."

Yes; that's all meantime. Presumably the Court adjourned at this stage to recover its composure.

"The ship is at the harbour's mouth, and the orders are full steam ahead," says Mr. Redmond. We should have thought "Dead slow" a better order; but it is Mr. Redmond's ship, not ours, and he can wreck it on the harbour wall if he chooses.

THE BONUS QUESTION.

Sult Against the Netherlands India Bank.

Ip Lau-a, bank clerk, D'Aguiar Street, brought a suit against the Netherlands India Commercial Bank of Hongkong, before Mr Justice Kemp in the Summary Court, this morning. Plaintiff claimed \$240 due to him, being the amount of a bonus granted by defendant to plaintiff for the year 1912, or in the alternative being the amount of the bonus held by the defendant's branch office at Hongkong for and on behalf of and as trustee for the plaintiff.

Mr Dixon (Messrs Wilkinson and Grist) appeared for the plaintiff and Mr R. F. C. Myster represented the defendant.

Mr Dixon said the plaintiff was, until recently, an employee at the Netherlands India Bank, having been there for about eight years. In April, 1912, he went to see the then manager of the bank and said he wished to resign as he was not satisfied with the salary he was getting i.e., \$60 a month and a bonus with double salary at the Chinese New Year. The manager did not want to lose his services and urged him to remain, telling him that he would get him a bonus the same as the Europeans were getting, which was based on the year's profits.

Plaintiff agreed to stay on and was told that if he got the bonus he must give up the curacha he formerly received at the New Year. Plaintiff was satisfied, and the manager agreed to write to the head office in Batavia to get the bonus confirmed. Four months after the interview a letter was written by the manager to the head office of the bank, stating what arrangement had been made. In April, 1913, the manager left for home and on August 1 plaintiff sent in his resignation, fully expecting the bonus to be paid to him. On August 9 there arrived from Batavia a list of all the bonuses, which were to be given to the staff, in which plaintiff's name appeared for the amount sued for. On receiving that, the new manager of the bank, in consequence of the resignation, declined to pay the bonus over to plaintiff and wrote to plaintiff saying he was not going to pay it. At the end of the month, about August 27, there was some quarrel in the office about using the telephone and plaintiff was ordered to leave. They paid him a month's salary but declined to pay him the bonus.

His Lordship gave judgment for defendant with costs.

ABSCONDING FOKI.

An Arrest in Canton.

Last week a shop-keeper at 188 Wing Lok Street reported that one of his foki opened his safe with a duplicate key and stole a cash box containing \$38,500, two promissory notes for \$10,000, a money order for \$300, and a cheque for \$3,000. The shop-keeper had the promissory notes returned to him by post, but since then the absconding foki has been arrested by the Canton police, who traced him by means of informers. Of the stolen money, a sum of \$22,850 has been recovered.

A Cat Famine

According to a London telegram there is a famine in cats in London. Expert cat-catchers are busy, and the animals that they collect are killed and their fur sold. The coats of black cats fetch, 4s. each, and of Persians 10s. each.

Miss Maud Allan

Bombay, September 13.—A cable received in Bombay by Mr. Howard Edie from Miss Maud Allan states that she is sailing for India on the 28th inst. She has amalgamated with the famous Leo, Jan and Michael Cherniavsky, for her forthcoming tour in India and the East. Leo Cherniavsky has cabled that they have joined forces in an artistic invasion of India and the East, and that the cooperation will culminate when they see Miss Maud Allan's marvellous work.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[The opinions expressed by our correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph"]

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir.—The remarks about Christian Science and its practice under the heading "Christian Science" in your issue of September 30 are so misleading as to call for a reply.

Your comments on the case and the quoted remarks of the judge show that neither party have the slightest knowledge of the teachings and practice of Christian Science. Opinions founded upon that which we know nothing about are not of value or worth. You would not engage a person to edit and publish your paper who was totally ignorant of how to edit or conduct a newspaper.

An isolated failure, in the face of the enormous number of healings "of all manners of diseases" which has attended and daily attends the practice of Christian Science throughout the world today and from the day of its discovery, does not in any manner prove Christian Science to be faulty. If your same argument were used against materia medica and its practice, in view of the testimony of the graveyards of the world which cover the remains of many children who passed away from diphtheria under materia medica, then there would be a measure of fairness in the position of the opinions which your article expresses. He is indeed a person behind the times who to-day asserts that Christian Science does not heal "all manner of diseases" in view of the vast volume of the testimonies that it does. These testimonies of healings have been given under oath in courts of law, under oath in legislative chambers, in public meetings, in the Senate of the United States, and they are voiced in gratitude at every Christian Science meeting on Wednesday, the world over.

Christian Science congregations are largely composed of former converts and who were formerly of "good sense," to quote the quoted remarks in your article. However many of these "good sense" people had the misfortune to fall ill and in their illness had the death sentence passed upon them by materia medica. They in their fear, with really good sense then turned to Christian Science and were healed. Many such were and are parents of young children and in their deep love for their children wish them to have, in their sickness and health alike, the best they know of and provide them with such. The same is not a right-minded man nor woman who, when their human lives have been preserved, will not cherish that which preserved them and wish those they love to have its ministrations.

Faith healing is the antipode of Christian Science. Faith healing is a blind faith that supplies God to heal discordant conditions thus admitting a discordant condition to exist as a reality in the omnipotence and omnipresence of God, good.

Christian Science healing is the demonstration of the right understanding of God as the only creator and a perfect creator and of man as created in His image and likeness. This does not mean a God created in mortal man's image and likeness. Except for actual scientific faith there is no element of the commonly accepted definition of faith in this spiritualized understanding which heals the sick and sinning in Christian Science.

Yours etc.,
CHAS. E. RICHARDSON,
Christian Science Publication Committee for Hongkong.
Hongkong, October 1, 1913.

LANGKATS.

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir.—In the share report of your issue of 1st instant the dividend paid on Langkat shares is stated to be one Tael to the present date. I think this is incorrect as I have observed it stated in another share report that on March 15

last the Company paid one tael, and on June 14 last one tael, making in all Tls. 2 for the present financial year.

I merely draw attention to the omission as some people might be misled by the discrepancy, and it is not desirable in the present situation of the company's affairs to undervalue the dividend paying power of the concern.

The shareholders have, I think, already received for 1913 dividends amounting to Tls. 50,000 on the capital of the Company, which is not a bad instrument for the current year.

Yours etc.,
AMICUS.
Hongkong, October 2, 1913.

WHY NOT ASPHALT?

To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir.—Moving about the streets of Hongkong I have often wondered why the pavement in many parts of the Colony could not be asphalt.

This material makes an excellent pavement for side walks, although perhaps slippery for roads where there is much traffic in rainy weather. It is used in London and Paris a good deal and is very durable, and well suited one would imagine, to this Colony, where it is necessary to have a pavement impervious to filth, and hygienic in character, such as asphalt. When the surface becomes wet it can be easily queued dry by the rubber queegues as used at home.

The square granite paving stones mostly used in Hongkong in many places are very badly laid badly cemented at the joints, and very uneven so that the water rests on the pathway. There are, however, exceptions, where the stones are well laid, outside the Post Office, and one or two other places in the City.

Yours etc.,
H. T.
Hongkong, October 2, 1913.

THE KAISER AS A TETOTALLER.

An American journal is responsible for the following:—

Berlin, August 22.—The Kaiser has joined the ranks of teetotalers. He has foresworn the fatherland's famous beer, and cut out its choicest wines. His favourite drink now is lemonade with a dash of orange juice, but he does not force this Bvante beverage on his guests, to whom the usual wines are served.

The facts have leaked out since he returned from his vacation cruise. Little space is given to them in the newspapers for the same reason perhaps as when the minister of education of a south German state some time ago opposed the establishment of a Good Templar lodge on the ground that it threatened one of the most important industries of Germany.

It is reported the Kaiser did not touch any alcoholic beverage throughout the northern cruise. Persons in close contact with him say that is the result of the emperor's conviction that alcohol lessens the working capacity of a man. He often expresses the opinion to members of his entourage that immoderate drinking is one of the greatest factors in retarding the development of nations.

Precious Stones in Colombo.

When the traveller in Colombo wishes to invest in precious stones, he need have little fear of being duped, unless he buys from native hawkers on shipboard, states a Consular official.

Even then he is not very likely to be sold glass, since the Government has compelled all vendors on shipboard to have a licence, and any very flagrant cheating would cause them to be deprived of it. In the Pettah there is some stone sold for real stones, but the Port Jewellers do not as a rule sell imitations. The worst they are likely to do is to get rid of synthetic rubies and sapphires at high prices and to offer European-made jewellery as antique Sinhalese.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FRESH MILK

No careful mother can afford to use any but Pure Fresh Cow's Milk.

Baby's health is of greater moment than the few cents saved in using Tinned or other preserved milk.

The Dairy Farm Milk is Pure and Fresh and contains no preservatives of any kind.

"Dairy Farm Milk" means:—
Good, Clean & Wholesome Milk.

To-day's Advertisements

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE DOLLARS, current in this Colony, in exchange for Sterling bills drawn at 10 days sight on the Lords Commissioners of HIS MAJESTY'S TREASURY, London, will be received by the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, until 11 a.m. on the 3rd October, 1913.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling) and the amount for which each bill should be drawn, but no bills will be issued for less than £100. The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers addressed to the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept any or all of the tenders is reserved. Copies of the forms of tenders can be had on application.

F. J. BOWEN, Major,
Treasury Chest Officer,
His Majesty's Treasury Office,
Hongkong, 1st October, 1913.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD BREMEN.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"DERFFLINGER,"
having arrived, Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and West Point Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless information is received from the Consignees before noon to-day requesting it to be landed here.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 9th of Oct. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th of Oct. at 9.30 a.m.

All claims must reach us before the 16th of October, 1913, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the undersigned.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD,
MELCHERS & CO.
General Agents.
Hongkong, 2nd Oct., 1913.

NOTICE.

CHINESE TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION.

I, the undersigned, beg to inform the public that the Central Government at Peking has appointed me Manager of this Administration in Hongkong and from to-day, all responsibilities in connection with this Administration will devolve upon me.

WONG TING-CHAN,
Hongkong, 1st October, 1913.

MACKINTOSH

& CO., LTD.

"MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS"

16, DES VŒUX ROAD.

(TELEPHONE No. 29.)

THE DISTINCTION OF STYLE

IS THE MOST NOTABLE

CHARACTER OF OUR GOODS.

IT MAY BE RELIED UPON

TO BE CORRECT ACCORD-

ING TO THE MOST AD-

VANCED FASHION.

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

(Next door to Thos Cook & Son.)

WILLIAM POWELL, LTD.

TELEPHONE 346

NEW FOOTWEAR FOR

LADIES

SMART SPECIAL EVERY
ATTRACTIVE PRICES POSSIBLE
STYLES. FITTING.

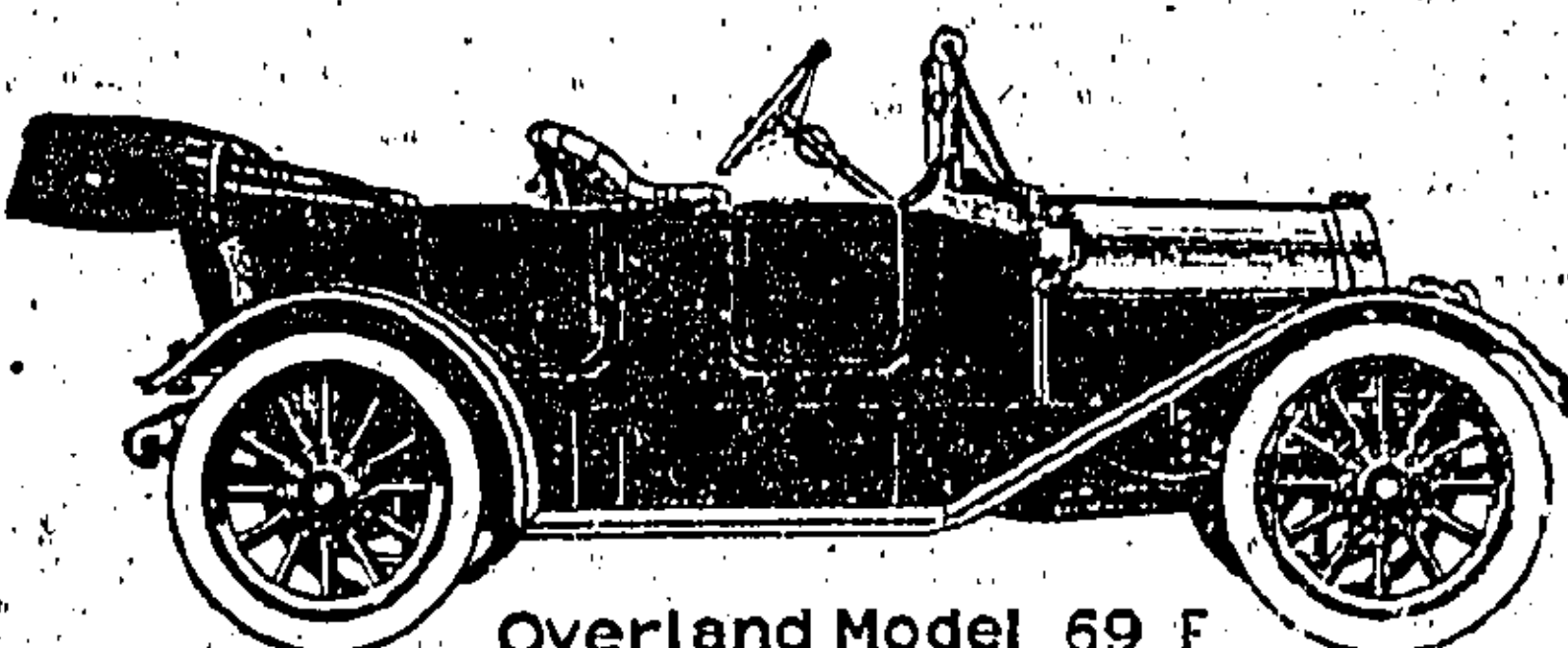
The Pick of Elegant Models.

J. ULLMANN & COMPANY.

We are the BEST Jewellers and also have the BEST Cut Glass, and Fancy Goods of all varieties.

Queen's Road, (Corner of Flower Street).

ORDER YOUR CAR AT ONCE!



Overland Model 69 F

A number of Overlands have now arrived and are finding a ready sale.

Sole Agents.

DRAGON CYCLE DEPOT.

(Prospective Buyers can try this Car free of charge.)

THE WONDER WATER OF JAPAN. CLIFFORD WILKINSON'S TANSAN



The Most Healthful Water Known to Science.

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

6, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

TELEPHONE No. 125

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—Subject to Alteration).

Hamburg-Amerika Linie
Hongkong Office.

COMMERCIAL.

Rubber and Mining Shares.

Under date September 27, Messrs Davies of Singapore send us the following:

Company Closing Quotations.
Buyers. Sellers.

Dollar.		
Alor Gajah	1.95	2.51
Ayer Kuning	0.50	0.82
Ayer Molek	1.50	1.75
Ayer Panas	4.10	4.40
Balgonie	3.75	4.50
Bukit Jelutong	0.28	0.32
Bukit Katil	0.50	0.80
Bukit K. B.	0.85	0.80
Bukit Timah	12.00	14.00
Changkat		

Serdang	3.80	4.25
Glebealy	0.70	0.85
Hayton nominal	4.50	5.00
Indragiri		
nominal	5.00	6.00
Jimah	0.35	0.45
Kedah	1.75	2.30
Kelemak	2.90	2.00 Dis.
Kempas	2.35	2.75
Kuala Sawah	nominal	
Lunas	2.35	2.75
Malaka Pinda	0.85	0.95
Malakoff	2.05	2.20
Mandai Tekong	0.35	0.45
Mergau nominal	1.80	2.10
Nellumy		
nominal		0.25
New Serendah	1.70	2.00
Nyalas	1.90	2.40
Pajam	8.50	10.50
Pantai	0.80	0.75
Panggor	0.40	0.50
Radella		
nominal	11.00	13.00
Sandycroft		
nominal	6.00	7.00
Sembong	0.20	0.27
Sungei Bagan	0.60	0.70
Tambalak	0.40	0.47
Tapah	8.00	9.00
Teluk Anson	5.85	6.35
Teroloh	0.30	0.45
Trafalgar	1.00	1.20
Trafalgar (Coconut crop)		
Ulu Pandan	0.40	0.47
United Malacca	0.52	0.60

Allagar	1/10	2/4
Anglo-Java	4/4	5/3
Batang Malaka	10	11
Bukit Kajang	27/6	33/8
Bukit Mertajam	1/9	2/4
Bukit Sembawang	1/4	1/0
Chersonese (F.M.S.)	2/4	2/10
Chimpul	7/8	1/-
Duff Development Co.	7/6	8/8
Hajop	1/-	8/-
Heaswood	2/0	3/3
Highland & Lowlands	43/-	45/6
Jasin	7/4	1/-
Kamuning (Perak)	2/1	2/9
Keptigalla	11/-	13/0
Kota Tiaggi	1/4	1/8
Labu (F.M.S.)	3/3	4/6
Lumut	17/0	20/6
Malacca (7 1/2%) Pref.	110/9	125/-
Malacca (Ordinary)	100/-	110/-
Marlimau	2/3	2/10
Nordanal	17/-	19/-
Padang Jawa	17/-	21/-
Pegoh	23/6	27/6
Rambia nominal	8/6	21/6
Rubber Estates of Krian	1/10	2/6
Sapong	8/-	1/-
Singapore Para		
Rubber	1/7	2/-
Singapore United	14	1/8
Straits Bertram	2/10	3/8
United Temiang	1/10	1/6 dis.

Belat	2.50	2.75
Buang, Lt.	nom.	
Kamjar	8.50	10.25
Kanaboi, Ltd.	1.65	1.85
Kinta Association, Ltd.	13.00	14.50
Kinta Tin Mines	38/8	42.4.6
Kledang		
Middleton nominal	13.50	14.75
New French Tekka	7.1.300	1.750
New Tambun nom.		
Pahang Consolidated	11/16	12/3
Pengkalen	8/8	9/-
Pusing Bahr	5/8	7/1
Pusing Lama	3/8	5/3
Rahman Hydraulic	16.00	17.00
Rahman Tin Co.	21.00	24.00
Rambutan	12.00	13.75
Raub	2.25	2.60
Redhills	2.45	3.00
Royal Johore	0.80	1.00
Selangor River	nom.	nom.
Sempam		
Serendah		
Hydraulic	nom.	
Sungei Gai	16.50	17.50
Tanjong		

The Progress of Cremation.
Last year cremations in the United Kingdom numbered 1,684—the largest number recorded since cremation was first practised in this country in 1885.

Of these 15 were at Woking, 149 in Manchester, 44 in Glasgow, 52 in Liverpool, 27 at Hull, 15 at Darlington, 14 at Leicester, 421 at Golders-green, 40 in Birmingham, 24 at Leeds, 32 at Ilford, 12 at Sheffield, and nine at Bradford. Since 1885 the total number of cremations has been 11,047.

Public Companies

HONGKONG COTTON SPINNING, WEAVING and DYEING Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Managers on THURSDAY, the 2nd October, 1913, at 11.30, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Consulting Committee and Statement of Accounts to 31st July, 1913.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 25th September to the 2nd October, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

General Managers Hongkong, 18th September, 1913.

THE DAIRY FARM Co., Limited.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING OF Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2 Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on SATURDAY the 11th October 1913 at 12.30 p.m. for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July 1913.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 1st to 11th October 1913 both days inclusive.

By Order, M. MANUK, Secretary.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited will be held at the premises of that Company, Pedder Street, Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong, on Saturday, the fourth day of October, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon when the sub-joined resolution will be proposed—

"That the following new Article be inserted in the Company's Articles of Association after Article 10:—

"The Company shall pay dividend, in respect of any existing or new shares of the Company, in proportion to the amount paid up on each share where a larger amount is paid up on some shares than on others"

Should the above Resolution be passed by the required majority it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1913.

By Order of the Board of Directors, J. H. TAGGART, Acting Secretary.

Notice

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies
A French Remedy for all irregularities. Thousands of Ladies who keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them testify that they have their System restored, and hence their enormous popularity throughout the world, or past free sale. All Chemists and Druggists sell them.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies

Notices

G. R.

Sanitary Board Office, Hongkong.
TO THE OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 5 of the DOMESTIC CLEANLINESS and VENTILATION BYELAWS (as amended), every domestic building or part of such building within the EASTERN Division of the City of Victoria, occupied by Members of more than one family, except those within the European Reservation or in Kowloon South of Austin Road or those parts of a domestic building used as a Shop, Office or Godown, must be CLEANSED & LIMESWASHED THROUGHOUT by the owners during the months of October and November.

N.B.—The word "throughout" used in this notice means that the houses should be Limeswashed in respect of all the Walls of each Room, all Cubicles, Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all Ceilings and the Undersides of Roofs in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs.

The Backyard must have its Containing Walls limeswashed up to the level of the First Floor.

Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be Limeswashed, but must be Cleaned.

The EASTERN Division of the City is bounded on the West by Gilman Street and Peel Street.

Kowloon is divided into the Eastern and Western divisions by Nathan Road and a straight line drawn from the North thereof through the Yau-mai service reservoir to the Northern boundary of Kowloon.

Dated this 1st day of October 1913.

W. BOWEN ROWLANDS, Secretary.

THE CHINESE TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION.

NOTICE.

FEE FOR REGISTERING TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESSES

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st proximo this Administration will make a charge of \$12 per annum for every registration of Code Addresses. All such Telegraphic Addresses hitherto registered at this Office will be cancelled on the above given date.

Firms or persons who wish to continue their former Code Addresses are requested to notify this Office of the fact and at the same time to pay the registration fee of \$12.

L. S. LOO, Manager.

Hongkong, 26th Sept., 1913.

NOTICE.

WE have this day transferred our Piano and Music Dept. to Mr. Wm. Anderson, who will carry on the business from this date at No. 6, Des Voeux Road, Central.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. Hongkong, Oct. 1st, 1913.

I have this day taken over the Piano and Music Dept. of Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co., and will carry on the business from this date at No. 6, Des Voeux Road, Central, under the name of the Anderson Music Coy.

WM. ANDERSON, Hongkong, 1st Oct., 1913.

NOTICE.

MR. KARL LINDEMANN of Hankow has to-day been admitted a partner in our firm.

MELCHERS & CO. Hongkong & China. Hongkong, 1st October, 1913.

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office—40, Wall Street, New York
London Office—24, Abchurch Lane, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, Lyons, Manila, Mexico, Peking, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Yokohama.

Capital and Reserve—\$70,000,000 (Gold)

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the most liberal terms.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, fixed for one year at 4 per cent, or for shorter periods, at rates, which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS NEGOTIATED AND COLLECTED.

MAIL AND TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS granted on all the principal cities in the world.

THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the world.

PURCHASE AND SALE of Stocks and Shares.

TRAVELLERS' CHECKS sold and cashed.

9, Queen's Road, Hongkong: Tientsin, 1st Nov., 1912 191

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Authorized Capital Yen 48,000,000

Paid-up Capital " 30,000,000

Reserve Fund " 18,550,000

Head Office.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches: Antung-Hsien, Nagasaki, Newchwang, Calcutta, New York, Osaka, Peking, Ryojun Port, Harbin, San Francisco, Hankow, Shanghai, Honolulu, Tientsin, Liao-Yang, Tokyo, Lyons, Los Angeles.

Interest Allowed on Current Account.

Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

EISHT ONO, Manager.

Hongkong, 30th Sept., 1913. 118

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

HEAD OFFICE.—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £1,200,000

Reserve Fund £1,700,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. S. HEWETT, Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1912. 122

Notices

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid up, \$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application.)

The Office of TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c., Undertaken and Executed.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1908. 32

PEAK TRAMWAY LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 A.M. to 8.00 A.M. Every 15 Min.

8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. " 15 Min.

10.00 A.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

7.00 P.M. to 8.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

8.00 P.M. to 9.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

9.00 P.M. to 10.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

10.00 P.M. to 11.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

11.00 P.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

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3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

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4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

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10.00 P.M. to 11.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

11.00 P.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

THE EXPENSE OF GOLF.

A Dilemma of Conscience.

From time to time men consider with a jaundiced eye the varying sums of money that they spend in the effort to complete a round of golf in the smallest possible number of strokes. The columns of newspapers are opened to the personal balance-sheets of careful and thrifty golfers; a rigid course of self-examination reveals to the player facts which were perhaps more happily veiled in a kindly obscurity; and, in the end, as in the beginning, it is impossible to escape the conviction that golf is not in our time an inexpensive amusement.

Of course, a superlative economy or a reckless extravagance can make what it will of the game. The opulent member of a specially expensive club, disdainful of the humble "tab" or omnibus in London, travelling first-class by train, ignoring impatiently the temporary loss of a new ball, flinging largesse with one hand, eating and drinking like Lucullus, perhaps adding the expenses of a deal of auction bridge for high points, to a little golf of doubtful merit, can make the game cost anything out of reason. But he does not represent the great array of golfers more accurately than the parsimonious player who, depriving himself of the services of a caddy, using a cheap ball, repented by himself, eating a luncheon of sandwiches on a tea, giving no tips because he requires no services, cuts his expenses down to the bare minimum. It is, after all, the expense of the average man or woman that matter, and there, without being unwieldy, are still considerable.

The Average Golfer.

In the case of the member of an average golf club near London, the cost of a day's golf cannot well be much less than 10s., while it may quite easily amount to a sovereign. To allow 3s. for journeys, 4s. for balls, 3s. for food and drinks, and 2s. 6d. for the caddy is probably a fair estimate on which to strike an average. On fortunate days the item for balls may be less; on those deplorable days which see ball after ball struck unskillfully into the evasive recesses of the worst rough, or hiding themselves with diabolical ingenuity on bare open spaces, it may be much more. A laudable desire to avoid the pauperization of boys may reduce the sum spent on caddies by some pence, but the usual instinct of easy generosity is more commonly found in golfers. In such an estimate, moreover, no allowance is made for the extra cost of hospitality. When a man takes a guest to his golf club anything may happen. The harmless wager of a ball on the match, another on the bye, even a third on the bye-bye, may add 7s. 6d. at one fell swoop. The green fees may be, and generally are, exceedingly high. There is now hardly a club near London with a course fit for play which is not congested at weekends, and the desire to limit this congestion, coupled with the desire to strengthen the financial position of the club, has led to the imposition of green fees which make hospitality onerous enough. Five shillings is perhaps an average green fee in these days, while the bodily entertainment of a guest is only limited in cost by the sentiment of the host and the appetite of the guest. Beyond all this, too, is the expense of membership—say £6 annually—and the cost of clubs, which is incalculable.

Value for Money.

One way and another, then, the average golfer may be supposed to spend £100 a year on his game where 20 years ago the figure might have been put at £50 or £40, or less. It is not a pleasant figure for the professional man, with a fixed income and many superior charges, to contemplate, though it may surely be allowed that value is received. The test way out of the dilemma of conscience is to drop the pretence that golf is a cheap amusement. It is not. In actual pounds, shillings, and pence decent golf probably costs as much or nearly as much as rough shooting—rough meaning a few wild pheasants and a moderate

bag of partridges and ground game—or trout fishing, even if a rod be taken on a chalk stream. Once upon a time these latter, the traditional sports of the "idle rich," held proud pre-eminence in expense. They still do so, if the most expensive golf be compared with covert shooting on a big scale, with a partridge manor extensive enough for the "Easton" system, or with dry-fly fishing on Test or Itchen. But the golf is being lessened, and golf is creeping up. It is still, and always will be, open in lesser forms to the really poor man, like roach fishing and rabbit shooting. But becoming very popular, it has become more expensive.

There is, however, no great need to regard the fact too mournfully. Golf saves so many doctor's bills that, if a man's conscience may not otherwise be soothed when he acknowledges the sum spent in endeavours to reduce his handicap, he may justly make such discount as will reduce the account to a fair expenditure on personal pleasure. It is a great if, in singles, a rather selfish game. It has the sanction of Cabinet Ministers and of artisans. If it costs more than its disciples are often willing to acknowledge, it also costs pretty much what the individual player chooses, and a man has still the right to manage his private affairs in his own way.—Times.

MAGISTERIAL ADVICE.

Mother Recommended to Chastise Child with Slipper.

At the Police Court, this morning, before Mr. Hazeland, a woman was charged by Sergeant Pitt with ill-treating her little girl aged 9. The girl said her mother had beaten her with a rattan cane for the last ten days. The defendant had told her that the beating was for being dirty and not cleaning herself. Her hands were tied round her back whilst being beaten. The marks on her face were caused by being thrown on the floor.

Sergeant Pitt said that he was in charge of No. 2 Station and when the case was reported he went round to 9, Lun Fat Street, second floor, and there he saw the child. She had two bruises on each side of her face and nine marks on her arms and legs. She had also marks on her wrists which appeared as though she had been tied with string. He was of opinion that the whipping was excessive.

His Worship told the defendant that the law allowed her to beat her child if she was naughty, as she apparently had been; but the beating must not be excessive.

Defendant said that the child had been very disobedient. She had not hit her girl very hard. Inspector McHardy said he had got some biscuits for the girl at the station and he had also made up a bed for her. The girl hit them and threw them into his face. He would not be surprised if the mother had beaten her.

His Worship said that she was a very naughty child. Perhaps the whipping had been a little too excessive, but she deserved a beating.

He told the mother of the child that a rattan was rather a severe instrument and advised her to use a slipper. He discharged the defendant.

SILIMPOPON COAL.

BUNKERS

can be supplied at cheap rates.

SANDAKAN & SEBATTIK

(British North Borneo).

At these ports steamers calling for bunker coal exclusively are exempt from all shipping dues and charges.

A. BUNE

POST OFFICE.

The Mexico Maru with the mails from London (via Siberia) of Wednesday 10th and Saturday 13th ult., is due to arrive here on Saturday, the 4th inst., (uncertain).

The Chiya Maru with the American Mail and also with the Mail for Manchuria is due to arrive here on Wednesday, the 5th inst.

MAILS DUE.

Siberian, Mexico Maru, 4th inst.
American, Chiya Maru, 5th inst.

MAILS ARRIVED TO-DAY.

Holmes, Hollow
Kalgan, Shanghai
Derflinger, Europe
Tahiti, Shanghai
Dufar, Bangkok
Fochow, Saigon
Hakata Maru, Japan

MAILS CLOSE TO-DAY.

Japan via Kobe, Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma, and Portland—Per C. FERD. LAEISZ, 2nd inst., 5 p.m.
Shanghai, North China and Japan via Nagasaki (Europe) via Yokohama—Per DERFLINGER, 2nd inst., 5 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Saigon—Per LAETES, 3rd inst., 8 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow—Per HAITAN, 3rd inst., 10 a.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per TAM. SUI, 3rd inst., 11 a.m.
Japan via Yokohama—Per YATSHING, 3rd inst., 11 a.m.
Straits and India via Calcutta—Per FOOKSANG, 3rd inst., 11 a.m.
Saigon—Per LYEMOON, 3rd inst., 3 p.m.
Shanghai and North China—Per TING. SANG, 3rd inst., 5 p.m.
Tientsin—Per CHIPSHING, 3rd inst., 5 p.m.

SATURDAY, 4th October.

Japan via Moji, Honolulu, Manzanillo, Salina Cruz, Acaapulco, Valparaiso and Callao—Per BUJO MARU, 4th Oct., 10 a.m.
Shanghai, North China, Japan via Yokohama, Honolulu, Canada, United States and South America via San Francisco (Europe via Siberia)—Per SIBERIA, 4th Oct., noon.

Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang and Sourabaya—Per TITIMARI, 4th Oct., 2 p.m.
Philippine Islands—Per ZAFIRO, 4th Oct., 3 p.m.

Shanghai and North China (Europe via Siberia)—Per CHENAN, 4th Oct., 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, 5th Oct.

Philippine Islands, Yap, Amoy, Samarang, Maranon, Fred. Wilhelmshafen, Rabau, Herberhahoe, Matupi, Tasmania, New Zealand, South and West Australia via Adelaide—Per COBLENZ, 5th Oct., 9 a.m.
Amoy and Fochow via Tamsui—Per DAIJIN MARU, 5th Oct., 9 a.m.

TUESDAY, 7th Oct.

Haiphong and Pakhoi—Per SUNG. KIANG, 7th inst., 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Fochow—Per HAITAN, 7th Oct., 10 a.m.
Shanghai, North China Japan via Moji, Victoria B.C. and Seattle—Per YOKOHAMA MARU, 7th inst., 10 a.m.

Saigon, Straits, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe via Marseilles (Late Letters 11 to Noon, Extra Postage 10 cents). Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.—Per PAUL LEON, 7th Oct., 11 a.m.

Straits and India via Calcutta—Per LAISANG, 7th Oct., 1 p.m.
Philippine Islands—Per TEAN, 7th inst., 3 p.m.
Straits and Ceylon—Per HIRANO MARU, 7th Oct., 9 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, 8th Oct.

Shanghai and North China—Per KYONGSANG, 8th inst., 10 a.m.
Swatow—Per HAIMUM, 8th Oct., 10 a.m.
Shanghai, North China Japan via Nagasaki, United States and South America and Canada via Vancouver (Europe via Siberia)—Per EMPRESS OF ASIA, 8th Oct., 11 a.m.

THURSDAY, 9th Oct.

Shanghai and North China—Per LU. CHOW, 9th Oct., 3 p.m.

FRIDAY, 10th Oct.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Timor, Tasmania & New Zealand via Port Darwin—Per EASTERN, 10th Oct., 10 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy & Fochow—Per HAIYANG, 10th inst., 10 a.m.
Wei-hai-wei and Tientsin—Per KUEI. CHOW, 10th Oct., 11 a.m.

SATURDAY, 11th Oct.

Straits, Burmah, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe via Rindia (Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon, Extra Postage 10 cents). Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail. The Parcel Mail will be closed.—Per FRIDAY, 11th Oct., 11 a.m.
Philippine Islands—Per LOONGSANG, 11th inst., 1 p.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Kalgan, Br. s.s. 1,134, Davies, 1st inst.—Shanghai 28th ult., Ger.—B. & S. Derflinger, Ger. s.s. 3,141, Fraus Broesch, 2nd inst.—Bremen 27th ult., Gen.—M. and Co.
Dufar, Nor. s.s. 1,102, J. Bing, 2nd inst.—Bangkok and Swatow 23rd ult., Gen.—Kin Ty Lung.
Cheongching, Br. s.s. 1,309, V. McO. Edsell, 2nd inst.—Tientsin 27th ult., Gen.—M. and Co.
Nelson, Br. s.s. 4,250, MacLean, 2nd inst.—Liverpool 23th ult., Gen.—B. and S.
Tajshun, Chi. s.s. 1,218, R. G. Paramore, 2nd inst.—Shanghai 28th ult., Gen.—C. M. S. N. Co.
Jlmah, Dut. s.s. 3,315, T. E. V. Schermbur, 2nd inst.—Mol 27th ult., Coal and Gen.—J. C. J. L.
Helena, Ger. s.s. 771, J. Jensen, 2nd inst.—Hobow 1st inst., Gen.—J. and Co.
Hanoi, Fr. s.s. 739, Ch. L. Chaveller, 2nd inst.—Haiphong and Pakoi 1st inst., Gen.—A. R. M.
Triconia, Dut. s.s. 1,070, Groendyk, 1st inst.—Palmour 24th ult., Bulk Oil—A. Petrolevm.

DEPARTED.

October 2.
Haimum for Swatow
Fochow for Yokohama
Scottish Monarch for Saigon
Austria for Tri
Afghan Prince for New York
Unki Maru for Sourabaya

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

October 1.
Daisichi Maru for Wakamatsu
Triconia for Yokohama
O. Ferd. Laeiz for Portland
Seattle Maru for Victoria
Saigon Maru for Bombay

October 2.
Haitan for Haiphong
Arahu for Shanghai
Tashan for Canton
Tamsui for Shanghai
Tamsui for Yokohama
Tamsui for Hongkong
Tamsui for Canton
Tamsui for Shanghai
Tamsui for Yokohama
Tamsui for Hongkong
Tamsui for Canton

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Kalgan, arrived 1st inst., from Shanghai.

Gittuary, Mrs M Symond, Mrs

Per s.s. Derflinger, arrived 2nd inst., from Bremen.

A. S. Mrs
Chy, O. H.
Cheung
Chun Wing
Chun Sook Chi
Fischer, Mrs K
Ferguson, Mrs
Gaulding, R. E.
Hartung, Capt
Hassard, Dr
Kocher, Mr & Mrs J
Kirkness, R.
Korner, J.
Kremer, Miss A. L.
Khan, T. T.
Limson, J.
L. Cheng Ting

Per s.s. Derflinger, arrived 2nd inst., from Bremen.

SHIPS PASSED THE CANAL.

London, 12th Sept.

Arrivals from China—Bohemia, Hita-chi Maru, Goldenfels.
The following vessels have passed the Canal—Cathay, Chli, E. F. Ferdinand, Glenurel, Lycaon, Muncester Castle, Namur, Lomedon, Benmohr.

London, 23rd Sept.

Arrivals from China—Ceylon.
The following vessels have passed the Canal—Glenurel, Klat, Ningschow, Nubia, Segovia.

London, 30th Sept.

Arrivals from London—Proussen, Lycaon, Miyanki Maru, Mandacan Maru, E. F. Ferdinand.
The following vessels have passed the Canal—Eleonore, Glenloch, Lochan, Silecia, Bernada, Theuse, Indragh, Kinkasan Maru.

Oysters, Fresh, Fried or Stewed, Borden Haddock, Kippers, &c., ALEXANDRA CAFE.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 2nd at 11.10.—Pressure changes since yesterday are small. A slight increase is shown over Annam, though it still comparatively low to the east of the Philippines.

Gradients are shallow over western and southern districts.

Light to moderate monsoon is indicated along the east coast of China and over the northern portion of the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

1 Hongkong and Neighbourhood—E winds, light to moderate, fresh.
2 Formosa Channel—N.E. winds, fresh.
3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamook—The same between H.K. and Lamook.
4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan—The same between H.K. and Hainan.

China Coast Meteorological Register.

2nd October, a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.	Weather.
Wootock	7a	30.12	59	88	0	0		
Namur	6a							
Hokkaido	6a							
Tokio	6a							
Kobe	6a							
Nagasaki	6a							
Kashima	6a							
Yokohama	6a							
Shanghai	6a							
Amoy	6a							
Swatow	6a							
Taihu	6a							
Taihu	6a							
Tainan	6a							
Koshun	6a							
P'ores	6a							
Canton	6a							
Hongkong	6a	29.82	78	92	0	0		
Macao	6a	29.83	78	92	0	0		
Wuchow	6a							
Pakhoi	6a							
Hankow	6a							
Shanghai	6a	30.07	67	95	0	0		
Gutzlaff	6a	30.07	71	95	0	0		
Amoy	6a	29.97	77	95	0	0		
Swatow	6a	29.96	76	86	0	0		
Taihu	6a	29.95	77	82	0	0		
Taihu	6a	29.95	77	82	0	0		
Tainan	6a	29.92	81	80	0	0		
Koshun	6a	29.91	81	80	0	0		
P'ores	6a	29.91	81	80	0	0		
Canton	6a	29.94	78	92	0	0		
Hongkong	6a	29.82	78	92	0	0		
Macao	6a	29.83	78	92	0	0		
Wuchow	6a							
Pakhoi	6a							
Hankow	6a							
Shanghai	6a	30.07	67	95	0	0		
Gutzlaff	6a	30.07	71	95	0	0		
Amoy	6a	29.97	77	95	0	0		
Swatow	6a	29.96	76	86	0	0		
Taihu	6a	29.95	77	82	0	0		
Taihu	6a	29.95	77	82	0	0		
Tainan	6a	29.92	81	80	0	0		
Koshun	6a	29.91	81	80	0	0		
P'ores	6a	29.91	81	80	0	0		
Canton	6a	29.94	78	92	0	0		
Hongkong	6a	29.82	78	92	0	0		
Macao	6a	29.83	78	92	0	0		
Wuchow	6a							
Pakhoi	6a							
Hankow	6a							

T. F. Claxton, Director.

Hongkong, Observatory, Sept. 1.

1 Barometer, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2 Temperature, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3 Humidity, in percentage of saturation, the Humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4 Direction of Wind, to two points.

5 Force of Wind, according to Beaufort's Scale.

6 State of Weather, b blue sky, c detached clouds, d drizzling rain, f fog, g gloomy, h hail, i lightning, o overcast, p passing showers, q equally, r rain, s snow, t thunder, v visibility, w dew wet.

0 Rain in inches, tenths and hundredths.

H.K. Observatory, 2nd Oct., 1913.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Previous	Day	On date	On date
at 4 p.m.	at 4 p.m.	at 4 p.m.	at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.83	29.94	29.83
Temperature	83	78	77
Humidity	71	92	88
Wind Direction	E	CALM	CALM
Force	2	0	0
Weather	c	o	odt
Rain	0	0	0
Highest open air temperature on the 1st	85		
Lowest	77		

H.K. Observatory, 2nd Oct., 1913.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

TIDE TABLE.

29th Sept., to 5th Oct. 1913.

29th Sept., to 5th Oct. 1913.				
	High Water Hongkong Mean Time.	Low Water Hongkong Mean Time.		
29th Sept.	8 31 7.3	3 57 3.3		
30th Sept.	9 16 8.1	4 50 4.1		
1st Oct.	10 0 8.0	5 33 5.0		
2nd Oct.	10 10 7.4	6 39 5.0		
3rd Oct.	11 4 7.0	7 44 5.6		
4th Oct.	11 14 6.4	8 41 6.1		
5th Oct.	11 53 6.1	9 31 6.5		
6th Oct.	12 5 5.5	10 18 7.0		
7th Oct.	1 4 5.4	11 6 7.7		
8th Oct.	1 19 5.3	11 58 8.0		